From Performance Measurement to Performance Management: A North Carolina Experience

Seth LaJeunesse

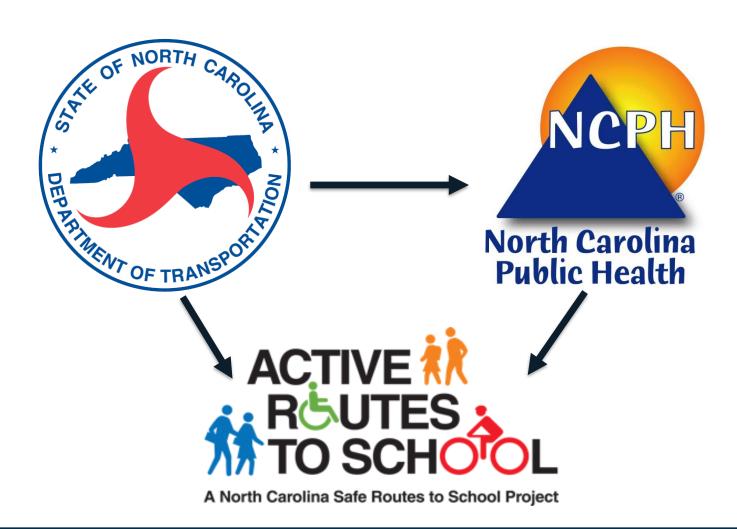
Best Practices for Communicating and Using Safe Routes to School Data Webinar

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A North Carolina partnership





Active Routes to School project goal

Increase the number of elementary and middle school students who safely walk and bike to school



Active Routes to School regions



Performance measurement: Active Routes project activities

Awareness-Raising Events

 Increase one-time awareness events about the importance of Safe Routes to School

Ongoing Programs

 Increase the number of ongoing programs that encourage walking and biking to school

Trainings/Workshops

 Increase the number of trainings on how to implement Safe Routes to School-related activities

Policy Changes

 Increase the number of policies that support walking and biking to school

Built Environment Changes

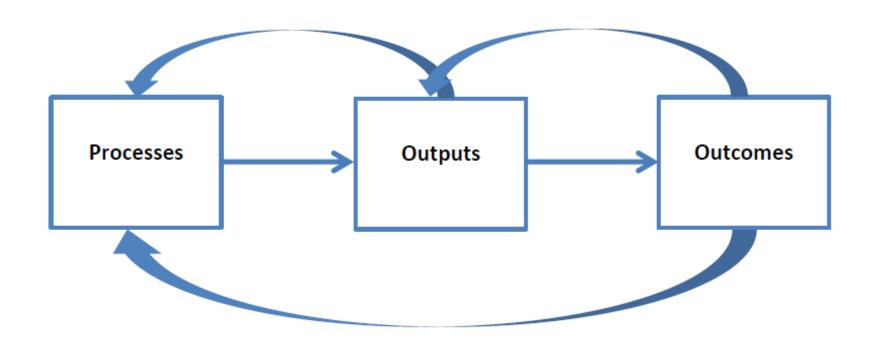
 Develop a plan for an infrastructure issue statement to identify a physical improvement to local infrastructure for future exploration

What is performance measurement?

Consistent collection of data to assess whether the agreed-upon actions are being taken and desired results are being achieved



Active Routes performance management



What is performance management?

The responding to performance measurement results toward improving outcomes



Example performance measure: registered Walk and Bike to School Day events





For more on events, visit: walkbiketoschool.org

Walk to School Day in NC - 2013 (85 schools)* *Before Active Routes to School project



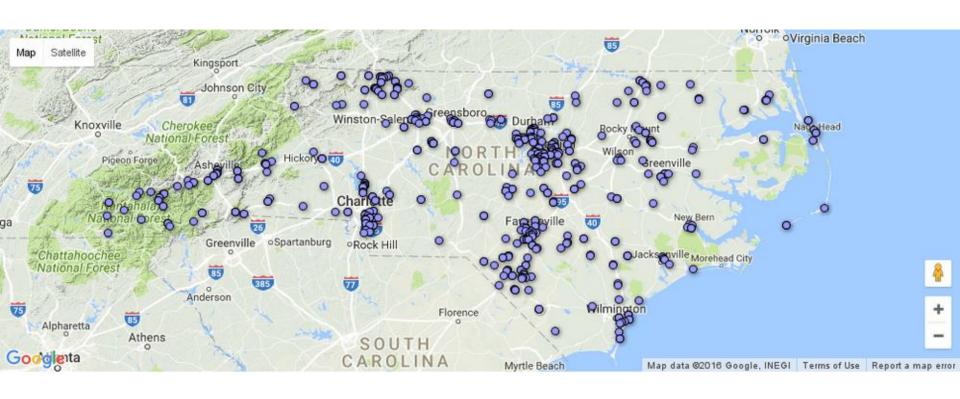
Walk to School Day in NC - 2014 (156 schools)* * Active Routes to School project begins



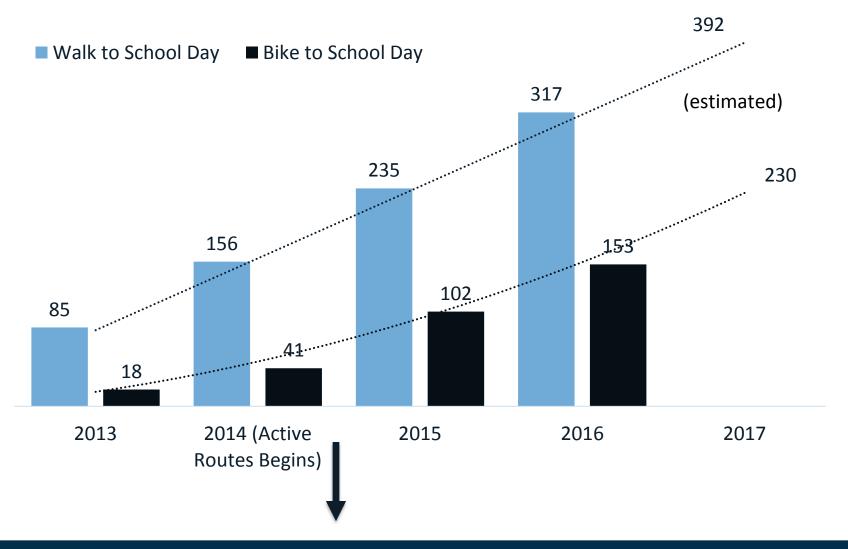
Walk to School Day in NC - 2015 (235 schools)



Walk to School Day in NC - 2016 (317 schools)



Registered events in NC



Relating performance measurement to performance management

Based on event registrations and Coordinator input, we developed a "From Events to Ongoing" resource:

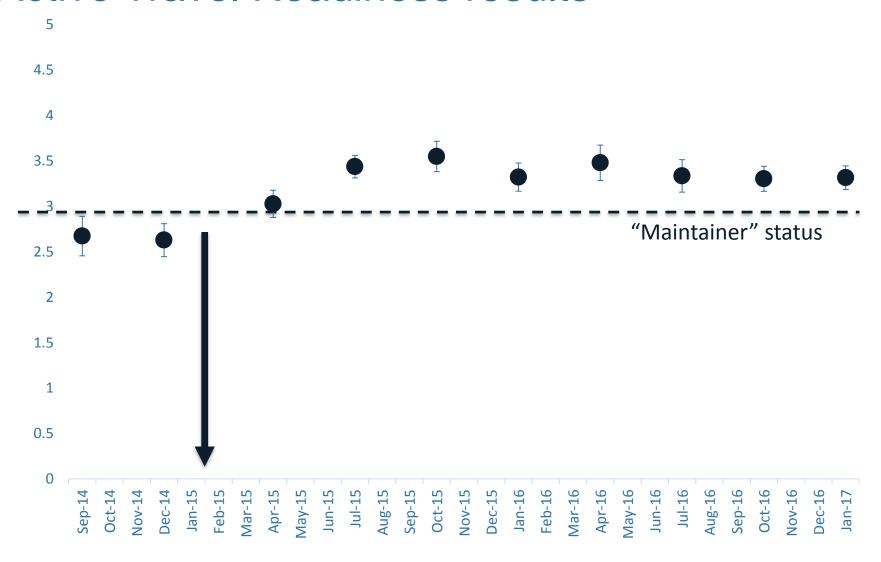
- Together, decide where, when, and how programs will continue after the event
- 2. Present a menu of programming options
- 3. Speak in the language of "programs" instead of "events"
- 4. Make results visible
- 5. Work with school admin to assign people roles
- 6. Talk less about "healthier" or "safer" kids, and show more happy kids and smiling parents



Performance measure: schools' "Active Travel Readiness"

Keywords for classifying a school					
No interest No activity			Lots of interest A few activities		Lots of interest Many activities Seeking more to do
Archetype					
Resistor	Beginner-1	Beginner-2	Maintainer-1	Maintainer-2	Maintainer-3
Rating					
0	1	2	3	4	5

Active Travel Readiness results



Readiness Results — Recommendations for using incentives

- Use incentives to introduce safe walking and biking to students and their families. Later on, use incentives to prompt continued walking and biking
- 2. Pair incentives with goal-setting
- 3. Help families build safe walking and biking habits
- Use incentives that make walking and biking easier for students and their families
- 5. Support children's **internal motivations** to walk or bike by (a) providing them with choices; (b) creating opportunities for them to connect with peers and friends; and (c) helping them develop pedestrian and bicycle safety skills



Three strongest predictors of walking and biking to school

From 7,730 parent surveys collected by 73 schools:

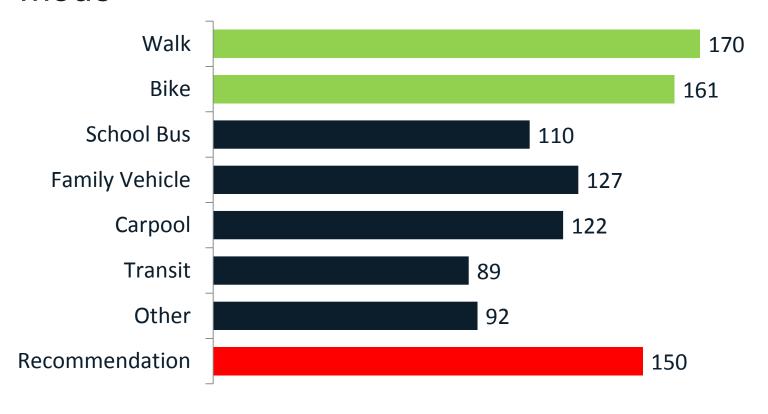
- 1. Distance from School: Students living within one mile of school were 10 times more likely to walk or bike to school than students living beyond one mile of school
- 2. Fun!: Students whose parents perceived walking or biking to school as fun were 3 times more likely to walk or bike
- 3. Asking permission: Students who asked their parent for permission to walk or bike to school were 2.5 times more likely to do so

Based on survey results, how to support more walking and biking:

- 1. Highlight the **fun** in walking and bicycling
- 2. Encourage parents to walk and bicycle more
- Encourage students to discuss transportation options with their families
- 4. Involve **traditionally disadvantaged** communities in programs and programming
- 5. Create a **welcoming community climate** for safe walking and bicycling to and from (or at) school

Walking and bicycling to school predicted more physical activity for parents...

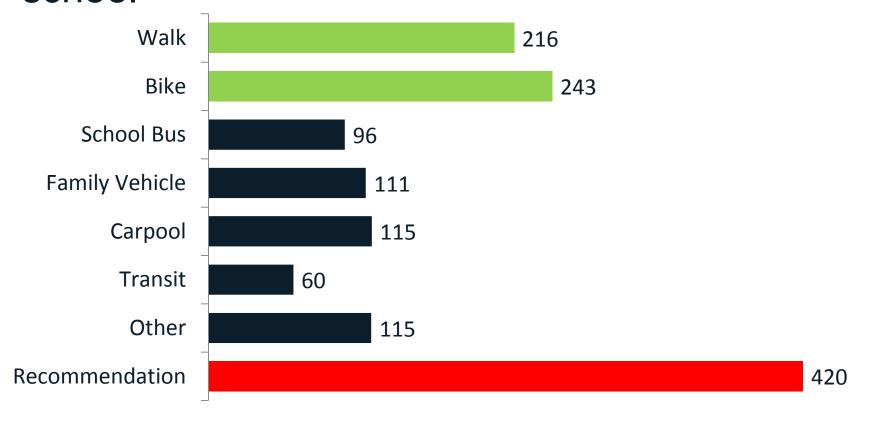
Average number of minutes parents walked or biked per week by child's usual school travel mode





...and kids

Average number of minutes students walked or biked per week by how they usually got to school





Next steps for performance management



Next steps

- Conducting Health Equity Assessments how low income and low academically achieve desirable results
- Examining causal direction of parents' and children's walking and biking behavior

Thank You

<u>lajeune@hsrc.unc.edu</u> 919-962-4236

